GEF-8 PPG REQUEST FOR GBFF PROJECTS

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General Project Information

Project Title:	
Transforming the Global Biodiversity Framework into Tangible Action in Zambia	
Region:	GEF Project ID:
Africa	12047
Country(ies):	Type of Project:
Zambia	GBFF
GEF Agency(ies):	GEF Agency Project ID:
WWF-US	G0077
Anticipated Executing Entity(s):	Anticipated Executing Type:
Peace Parks Foundation Department of National Parks and Wildlife (Ministry of Tourism)	CSO Government
GEF Focal Area (s):	Submission Date:
Biodiversity	9/12/2025
Project Sector (CCM Only)	
Taxonomy	
Focal Areas, Biodiversity, Convene multi-stakeholder alliances, Influencing models, Strengthen institutional capacity and decision-making, Demonstrate innovative approache, Stakeholders, Indigenous Peoples, Beneficiaries, Gender Equality, Gender Mainstreaming, Gender results areas, Capacity, Knowledge and Research, Knowledge Exchange, Knowledge Generation, Training, Capacity Development	
Type of Trust Fund:	Project Duration (Months)
GBFF	60
GEF Project Financing: (a)	GEF Project Non-Grant: (b)
3,427,594.00	0.00
Agency Fee(s) Grant: (c)	Agency Fee(s) Non-Grant: (d)
308,483.00	0.00
Total GEF Financing: (a+b+c+d)	Total Co-financing:
3,736,077.00	6,856,655.00
PPG Amount: (e)	PPG Agency Fee(s): (f)
150,000.00	13,500.00
PPG total Amount: (e+f)	Total GEF Resources: (a+b+c+d+e+f)
163,500.00	3,899,577.00
Project Tags:	

GBF Target 4, Support IPLC, GBF Target 1, GBF Target 3, GBF Target 22, GBF Target 23, GBF Target 19, GBF Target 9

Indicative Project Overview

Enhance the conservation of Zambia's Protected Area Network through national conservation actions, greater and inclusive governance mechanisms, and community engagement in Sioma Ngwezi Management Complex

Project Components

1. National Strategies for GBF

Component Type	Trust Fund
Technical Assistance	GBFF
GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
293,800.00	587,714.00

Project Outcomes:

1.1 Strengthened national capacity to meet Zambia's 30x30 target of the KM-GBF, through conservation planning, monitoring and management

Project Outputs:

1.1.1 Development of conservation strategies, such as a strategy for OECMs, revision of the national Invasive Alien Species Strategy, and LBSAPs for local government areas in SNMC

1.1.2 Technical and operational support for conservation reporting, such as the OECM database, the CBD National Clearing-House Mechanism (CHM), and the National Technical Committee on Biodiversity (NTCB) and its Sub-committees

2. SNMC Management

Component Type	Trust Fund
Investment	GBFF
GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
1,534,300.00	3,069,169.00

Project Outcomes:

2.1 Improved management effectiveness of SNMC

Project Outputs:

2.1.1 Establishment of the SNMC Foundation as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) with a fundraising, marketing, and investment strategy developed

2.1.2 Training and capacity building provided for park management, including on human rights based and inclusive approaches, law enforcement, and community engagement

2.1.3 Park management, operations and priority park infrastructure

3. Local community Engagement

Component Type	Trust Fund
Investment	GBFF
GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
1,142,500.00	2,285,551.00

Project Outcomes:

3.1 Improved livelihoods of local communities within the landscape

3.2 Local community engagement in biodiversity management including mitigating human-wildlife conflict and enhancing ecological connectivity

Project Outputs:

3.1.1 Livelihood opportunities and business plans developed with local communities

3.1.2 Training and capacity building for CRBs and local communities to implement business plans

3.2.1 Operational support provided to communities for co-management and community-led initiatives within the GMA

3.2.2 Develop a HWC Strategy and support its implementation

4. Communications and Knowledge Management

Component Type	Trust Fund
Technical Assistance	GBFF
GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
163,200.00	326,507.00

Project Outcomes:

4.1 Project knowledge sharing and communication

Project Outputs:

4.1.1 Knowledge products (case studies, guidance notes) created and shared

4.1.2 Knowledge exchanges organized

4.1.3 Communication plan designed and implemented

M&E

Component Type	Trust Fund
Technical Assistance	GBFF
GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
130,575.00	261,206.00

Project Outcomes:

Effective M&E system enables results tracking and adaptive management

Project Outputs:

Develop and implement M&E system including gender monitoring with data collection, reflection and timely reporting (PPRs, independent mid-term and terminal evaluation, PIRs, etc.)

Component Balances

Project Components	GEF Project Financing ($)	Co-financing ($)
1. National Strategies for GBF	293,800.00	587,714.00
2. SNMC Management	1,534,300.00	3,069,169.00
3. Local community Engagement	1,142,500.00	2,285,551.00
4. Communications and Knowledge Management	163,200.00	326,507.00
M&E	130,575.00	261,206.00
Subtotal	**3,264,375.00**	**6,530,147.00**
Project Management Cost (PMC)	163,219.00	326,508.00
Total Project Cost ($)	**3,427,594.00**	**6,856,655.00**

Please provide justification

Project Concept Description (No more than seven pages total, including 5 pages of text maximum. Concepts longer than 7 pages will be returned. Please note the portal entry will be limited to up to 19,400 characters of text and up to two figures.).

1) Project Rationale

Zambia is advancing area-based conservation at the national level and through management of the Protected Area Network. The Sioma Ngwezi Management Complex (SNMC) is a conservation area in Zambia of global significance. It covers approximately 2.5 million hectares and includes Sioma Ngwezi National Park (SNNP 449,100 hectares), Lower West Zambezi Game Management Area (LWZGMA 1,930,000 hectares) and Ngonye Falls Community Park. The SNMC forms a critical component of the Kwando River Wildlife Dispersal Area of the Kavango Zambezi Transfrontier Conservation Area (KAZA TFCA), the world's largest land-based transboundary conservation area and home to the largest population of elephants in the world.

This landscape is significant for its ecological value and its role in connecting SNMC with Kafue Flats, as well as promoting and transboundary connectivity. Its deep customary and cultural heritage is anchored in the area being declared a game reserve a century ago by the Litunga—the King of the Barotse Royal Establishment (BRE)— before being gazetted as a national park in 1972 with management that actively involves the BRE, honoring indigenous rights and traditional ecological knowledge.

The SNMC has been earmarked for intensive wildlife recovery, given its vital role in wildlife movement along the Kwando and Zambezi rivers. Its intact vegetation could support thriving wildlife populations (current carrying capacity is less than fifty percent) and a nature-based economy, but challenges persist.

Wildlife is declining due to habitat encroachment, logging, and land degradation, as well as poaching for bushmeat. Limited infrastructure and limited resources for protected area management have reduced management effectiveness, diminishing the landscape's tourism appeal and, in turn, its ability to generate revenue or attract private sector investment. Importantly, there is a lack of a dedicated governance and financial mechanism, which further weakens stakeholder engagement and limits livelihood options for communities. The 2019 Strategic Business Plan for SNMC states these threats, and notes that they put the ecosystem and biodiversity at significant risk, exacerbate human-wildlife conflict (HWC), undermine conservation and cross-border coordination. Additionally, the adverse impact of insufficient incentives for communities in the GMA reduces local buy-in for natural resource management. At the national level, increased capacities for planning, management and monitoring would improve conservation outcomes.

A dedicated governance mechanism needs to be established to put SNMC on the path of recovery such that it can promote biodiversity conservation, local community engagement, and contribute to Target 3 of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (GBF). To set this in motion, a 20-year co-management agreement was signed between the Government of Zambia, WWF Zambia and Peace Parks

Foundation[1][1] for the sustainable development and management of the landscape and forge an innovative, inclusive, and sustainable management model.

This project aims to support national conservation capacities and develop co-management and community engagement in the Sioma Ngwezi Management Complex. The project will support development of national strategies and reporting capacities for GBF and establish a dedicated Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), called the SNMC Foundation to unlock effective conservation at scale and ensure sustainable financing for SNMC. The project will support Park management and community engagement in natural resource management. This project will serve as a demonstration model for innovative governance and financing that can inform national level policy on other area-based conservation measures in Zambia and across KAZA TFCA.

The Global Environmental Benefits (GEB) that this project will deliver include:

Core Indicator 1 – 449,100 hectares of terrestrial protected areas under improved management effectiveness.

Core Indicator 4 – 50,000 hectares of landscapes under improved practices for biodiversity (outside of protected areas)

Core Indicator 11 – 5,000 people benefiting from GEF-financed investments.

With support from GBFF resources, this project can work towards the goal of creating a self-sustaining protected area landscape.

1) Project Description

a. Theory of Change

IF

- National capacities for conservation planning, management and monitoring are further developed;
- A dedicated governance model (SNMC Foundation) is established to oversee the management of the landscape;
- Investments are made in capacity building and training of individuals and a dedicated institution for effective park management and operations;
- Local communities are incentivized to engage in co-management activities, including mitigating human-wildlife conflict; and
- Lessons from the establishment and operation of the SPV are documented and shared at national and regional levels to contribute to protected area co-management policy and practice;

THEN,

- Governance of SNMC is strengthened, integrating the interests of key stakeholders (including local communities) in the efficient management and conservation of the landscape;
- Local communities derive sustainable benefits from biodiversity and natural resources, and actively participate in co-management and conservation;
- The SNMC Foundation will stimulate private sector investment and mobilize resources to support the long-term operating costs, with the potential for reinvestment into park conservation;
- SNMC will serve as a demonstration model for Zambia's national protected area (PA) system, other effective area-based conservation measures and transboundary conservation efforts in KAZA.

THUS,

- SNMC will be transformed from a landscape with weak governance and limited management capacity into a financially sustainable model of inclusive conservation, generating global environment benefits while improving livelihoods and resilience of local communities.

This TOC is built on the assumption that the co-management agreement will be signed by BRE and in turn supported by all partners, that the stakeholders, including government, local communities, the donor community and the private sector, are willing to engage in new governance and financing arrangements, and that the legal framework will allow for the effective establishment and operation of the SNMC Foundation.

b. Project Components

Component 1. National Strategies for GBF

Outcome 1.1 will build the capacities of the Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources (MLNR), Ministry of Tourism (DNPW) and partners to undertake conservation planning, management and monitoring by (output 1.1.1) supporting development of key strategies (e.g., OECM Strategy, National IAS Strategy, LBSAPs for the SNMC) and (output 1.1.2) conservation reporting (e.g., OECM database, Zambia's CHM, National Technical Committee on Biodiversity and sub-committees).

Component 2. SNMC Management

Outcome 2.1 will strengthen management effectiveness of SNMC. Under Output 2.1.1 a special purpose vehicle (SPV), SNMC Foundation, will be established as a dedicated legal entity that oversees the management and the long-term financial sustainability of the landscape. The innovation lies in the SPV governance structure that enables multiple stakeholders, i.e., the government, local community institution

(BRE), and NGOs (Peace Parks and WWF) to collaborate under a transparent, legal structure. Zambian tourism operators ranked the creation of an SPV as a key factor in driving their decision to invest in this area. It will pioneer financing instruments into a presently under-resourced landscape, and incorporate the interests of the local communities as key rightsholders. Furthermore, the SNMC Foundation will facilitate investment in new tourism concessions, fundraise and market the landscape as a nature-based tourism destination to attract prospective private sector operators, and prepare an investment strategy that lays out the roadmap to financial sustainability and reinvestment / recapitalization of financial resources into conservation.

Under Output 2.1.2, training will be provided to park staff, including training rangers and community scouts, and under Output 2.1.3, the project will support park management activities, operations, and priority park infrastructure. These outputs will focus on areas such as law enforcement, fire management, water augmentation, and supporting infrastructure and equipment necessary to manage and mitigate threats as well as promote sustainable development.

Component 3. Local community Engagement

Outcome 3.1 will improve livelihoods of local communities in the SNMC landscape. Activities will include (output 3.1.1) co-development with communities of livelihood opportunities and business plans, with explicit targets for women's participation and leadership, and (output 3.1.2) training and capacity building of the Community Resource Boards (CRBs), community institutions and individuals to implement the business plans.

Outcome 3.2 will engage local communities in biodiversity management including mitigating human-wildlife conflict and enhancing ecological connectivity. Ensuring wildlife access to major rivers in Sioma while reducing conflict with communities is critical for both food security and long-term coexistence. Activities include (output 3.2.1) operational support to enable community-led natural resource management in the GMA and (output 3.2.2) a strategy and interventions to address human-wildlife conflict.

Component 4. Knowledge Management

Outcome 4.1 focuses on project knowledge sharing and communication, including Output 4.1.1 to develop and share knowledge products, Output 4.1.2 on knowledge exchanges, and Output 4.1.3 to develop and implement a communications plan.

Monitoring and Evaluation

Project monitoring and regular reporting, including project progress reports, independent mid-term and terminal evaluations, Project Implementation Reports for results-based decision-making and adaptive management.

c. Project Stakeholders

The Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources, as focal point in Zambia for the Convention of Biological Diversity, is the lead Ministry responsible for the proposed project and will chair the Project's Steering Committee (PSC). Other key government stakeholders include the Ministry of Green Economy and Environment (as focal point in Zambia for the GEF Operational Focal point), and the Ministry of Tourism through the Department of National Parks and Wildlife.

The collaborative management agreement for SNMC puts in place a formal partnership among:

(i) Department of National Parks and Wildlife (DNPW) under the Ministry of Tourism

(ii) the Barotse Royal Establishment

(iii) Peace Parks Foundation

(iv) WWF.

These four signatory parties will be represented in the Sioma Ngwezi Co-Management Foundation, offering strategic guidance for the management of the landscape with the full involvement of communities in decision making and governance.

Local governments and local communities in the SNMC will be actively engaged in the design and implementation of the project.

d. GBFF Action Areas

- **Action Area 1:** The project will contribute to Zambia's delivery **of GBF Targets 1 and 3**, by improving the management effectiveness of the Sioma Ngwezi Management Complex. This will include operational support for protected area management, human–wildlife coexistence measures, and in situ conservation practices, towards securing ecological integrity and connectivity within KAZA.

- **Action Area 2**: The project will strengthen the role of local communities through their full, equitable, inclusive, and gender-responsive participation in decision-making through representation in the SNMC Foundation. Under Component 3, the project will co- develop livelihood opportunities, and provide training, and capacity building. These measures will incentivize co-management and stewardship of biodiversity, directly contributing to **GBF Targets 3, 22 and 23**.

- **Action Area 4:** Through the establishment of the SNMC Foundation, the project will develop and implement a strategy to mobilize diversified financial resources including investments and partnerships

with the private sector. Future revenue streams may include eco-tourism, carbon finance, sustainable agriculture, biodiversity-based enterprises, and other nature-based enterprises. These interventions will contribute to the long-term financial, socioeconomic and institutional sustainability of the landscape, and contribute to **GBF Targets 9 and 19** by aligning conservation outcomes with sustainable economic opportunities.

2) Alignment of the Project

a. To general global environmental benefits (GEBs)

The project will deliver results against Core Indicator 1.2: 449,100 hectares of terrestrial protected area under improved management effectiveness, through training and operational support for management of Sioma Ngwezi NP (component 2). Core indicator 4: 50,000 hectares of land under improved practices for biodiversity (outside of protected areas), through community natural resource management and associated livelihoods (component 3). Core Indicator 11: with an estimated 5,000 people (50% men, 50% women, approximately) directly benefiting from investments in livelihood generation, business development, training, capacity building and participation in the governance of the park management. This is mainly local communities but also protected area, civil society and environment ministries personnel.

b. NBSAP Alignment (national and regional priorities)

The project is grounded in Zambia's legal and policy framework for wildlife management and co-management. Zambia's Second National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP-2), 2015-2025 lays out Zambia's strategy to improve the biodiversity status. Both Target 10 and Target 11, which aim to achieve representativeness and connectivity within the protected area network and improve the populations of threatened species will be supported by this project. Additionally, the project also supports Target 18 of the NBSAP-2 by mobilizing internal and external financial resources.
Project interventions also support other national priorities. For example, CRB strengthening and livelihood development support natural resource stewardship, a key element of Zambia's Vision 2030. Through the support to the co-management agreement, the project is laying groundwork for mobilizing financial resources and public-private partnerships aligned with the Eight National Development Plan and Zambia's Green Growth Strategy 2024-2030.
Regionally, the focus on natural resource management and tourism development in SNMC will help secure connectivity and contribute to the development need mentioned in KAZA's Master Integrated Development Plan. From an ecological perspective, the Kwando River Wildlife Dispersal Area is important for wildlife, especially large elephant populations, and strengthening SNMC management will help strengthen these migration routes and promote regional, transboundary collaboration.

c. Policy coherence

The responsibility for the management and regulation of Zambia's National Parks and GMAs and wildlife resources is vested in DNPW through the Zambia Wildlife Act, No 14 of 2015. The Act also provides the legislation allowing for participation of Local Communities and the private sector in Community-based Natural Resource Management (CBNRM) programs, as well as the establishment of Public Private Partnerships (PPPs) in the management and economic development of National Parks and GMAs; this includes the development of Co-Management Agreements to realize the full potential of protected areas. This project promotes policy coherence by proposing a multi-sectoral governance mechanism that promotes coordination amongst diverse stakeholders, including traditional leadership through the BRE. It aligns conservation outcomes with local business

opportunities, ensuring that economic growth and biodiversity conservation can advance together at the landscape scale rather than in competition with each other. The project strategy and governance brings together MLNR, MGEE, and MOT, with local governments, chiefdoms, NGOs, and community governance mechanisms for policy coherence at the landscape level.

d. Resource mobilization

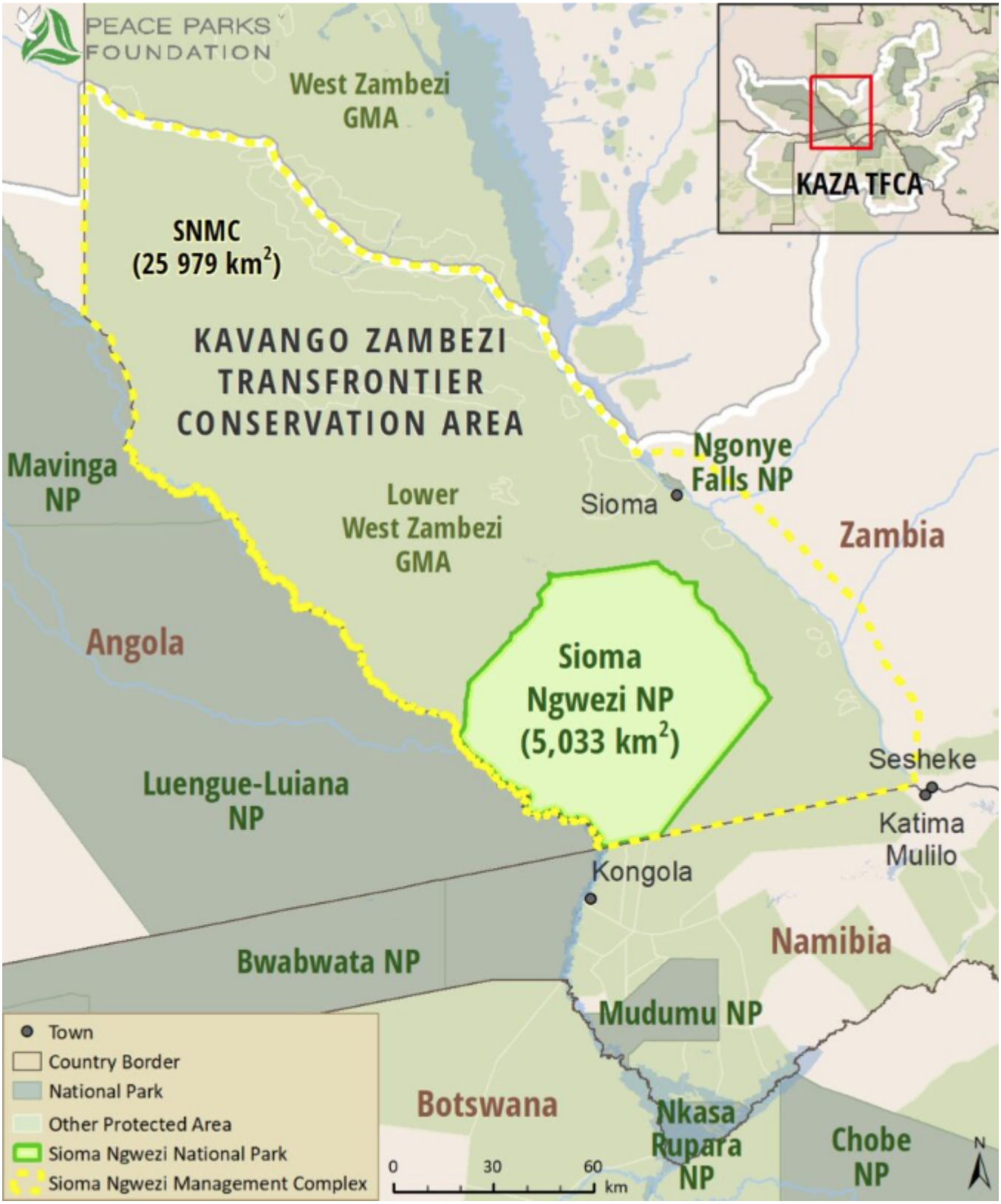
The project strategy operationalizes the SNMC Business Plan and the Management plan which includes a strong emphasis on the development of innovative sustainable financial mechanisms to leverage domestic resources as well as private sector and philanthropies funding to promote financial sustainability in the landscape. The collaborative partnership between the government, BRE, WWF and Peace Parks will build upon the support provided by donors working in the landscape including bi-lateral support and philanthropic funding to attract new investors and private sector partners for long-term financing. The private sector will include tourism-based businesses in Zambia, including lodges and camp operators, tour operators and travel agents, and safari outfitters.

e. Local community Engagement

The greatest probability of achieving the Park's conservation goals and a sustainable future lies in more effective stakeholder participation in both its management and economic development. The current incentives of the CBNRM Programme in the GMAs are insufficient to persuade communities that it is worth their while conserving what is effectively an open-access resource. The project will engage local communities, with an estimated $600,000 of project budget supporting design and implementation of project components, specifically-

- Co-development of livelihood and business opportunities, and training and other support to implement such opportunities, under Outcome 3.1.
- Support for community-led biodiversity management initiatives and human wildlife conflict management in the GMA, under Outcome 3.2.
- Additionally, the project will engage the traditional governance system- the network of chiefs. The BRE plays a formal role in co-managing land and natural resources in the GMA. Local communities are envisioned to be part of the project governance through the inclusion of BRE in the SNMC Foundation.

Map of SNMC



[1] Pending signature from the Barotse Royal Establishment (BRE)

Core Indicators

Indicator 1 Terrestrial protected areas created or under improved management

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)
449100	0	0	0

Indicator 1.1 Terrestrial Protected Areas Newly created

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)
0	0	0	0

Name of the Protected Area	WDPA ID	IUCN Category	Total Ha (Expected at PIF)	Total Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Total Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Total Ha (Achieved at TE)

Indicator 1.2 Terrestrial Protected Areas Under improved Management effectiveness

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Total Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Total Ha (Achieved at TE)
449100	0	0	0

Name of the Protected Area	WDPA ID	IUCN Category	Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Total Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Total Ha (Achieved at TE)	METT score (Baseline at CEO Endorsement)	METT score (Achieved at MTR)	METT score (Achieved at TE)
Sioma Ngwezi National Park	1087		449,100.00						

Indicator 4 Area of landscapes under improved practices (hectares; excluding protected areas)

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)
50000	0	0	0

Indicator 4.1 Area of landscapes under improved management to benefit biodiversity (hectares, qualitative assessment, non-certified)

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)
50,000.00			

Indicator 4.2 Area of landscapes under third-party certification incorporating biodiversity considerations

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)

Type/Name of Third Party Certification

Indicator 4.3 Area of landscapes under sustainable land management in production systems

Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)

Indicator 4.4 Area of High Conservation Value or other forest loss avoided

Disaggregation Type	Ha (Expected at PIF)	Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Ha (Achieved at TE)

Indicator 4.5 Terrestrial OECMs supported

Name of the OECMs	WDPA-ID	Total Ha (Expected at PIF)	Total Ha (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Total Ha (Achieved at MTR)	Total Ha (Achieved at TE)

Documents (Document(s) that justifies the HCVF)

Title

Indicator 11 People benefiting from GEF-financed investments

	Number (Expected at PIF)	Number (Expected at CEO Endorsement)	Number (Achieved at MTR)	Number (Achieved at TE)
Female	2,500			
Male	2,500			
Total	**5,000**	**0**	0	**0**

Explain the methodological approach and underlying logic to justify target levels for Core and Sub-Indicators (max. 250 words, approximately 1/2 page)

The project will deliver results against Core Indicator 1.2: 449,100 hectares of terrestrial protected area under improved management effectiveness, through training and operational support for management of Sioma Ngwezi NP (component 2). Core indicator 4: 50,000 hectares of land under improved practices for biodiversity (outside of protected areas), through community natural resource management and associated livelihoods (component 3). Core Indicator 11: with an estimated 5,000 people (50% men, 50% women, approximately) directly benefiting from investments in livelihood generation, business development, training, capacity building and participation in the governance of the park management. This is mainly local communities but also protected area, civil society and environment ministries personnel.

ANNEX A: PROJECT FINANCING TABLES

GEF Financing Table

Indicative Trust Fund Resources Requested by Agency(ies), Country(ies), Focal Area and the Programming of Funds

GEF Agency	Trust Fund	Country/ Regional/ Global	Focal Area	Programming of Funds	GEF Project Grant($)	Agency Fee($)	Total GEF Financing ($)
WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 1	1,371,037.00	123,393.00	1,494,430.00

WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 2	1,233,934.00	111,054.00	1,344,988.00
WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 4	822,623.00	74,036.00	896,659.00
Total GEF Resources ($)					**3,427,594.00**	**308,483.00**	**3,736,077.00**

Project Preparation Grant (PPG)

Is Project Preparation Grant requested?

true

PPG Amount ($)

150000

PPG Agency Fee ($)

13500

GEF Agency	Trust Fund	Country/ Regional/ Global	Focal Area	Programming of Funds	Grant / Non-Grant	PPG ($)	Agency Fee($)	Total PPG Funding($)
WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 1	Grant	60,000.00	5,400.00	65,400.00
WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 2	Grant	54,000.00	4,860.00	58,860.00
WWF-US	GBFF	Zambia	Biodiversity	GBFF Action Area 4	Grant	36,000.00	3,240.00	39,240.00
Total PPG Amount ($)						**150,000.00**	**13,500.00**	**163,500.00**

Please provide justification

Sources of Funds for Country Star Allocation

(Only for Multi-Trust Fund projects where GEF TF is included)

GEF Agency	Trust Fund	Country/ Regional/ Global	Focal Area	Sources of Funds	Total($)

Total GEF Resources	**0.00**

Indicative Action Area Elements

Programming Directions	Trust Fund	GEF Project Financing($)	Co-financing($)
GBFF Action Area 1	GBFF	1,371,037.00	2,742,662.00
GBFF Action Area 2	GBFF	1,233,934.00	2,468,396.00
GBFF Action Area 4	GBFF	822,623.00	1,645,597.00
Total Project Cost		**3,427,594.00**	**6,856,655.00**

Amount of resource allocated to support actions by IPLCs for the conservation, restoration, sustainable use and management of biodiversity:

Amount
600,000.00

Indicative Co-financing

Sources of Co-financing	Name of Co-financier	Type of Co-financing	Investment Mobilized	Amount($)
Civil Society Organization	Peace Parks Foundation	Grant	Investment mobilized	3,356,655.00
Civil Society Organization	WWF Zambia	In-kind	Recurrent expenditures	3,500,000.00
Total Co-financing				**6,856,655.00**

Describe how any "Investment Mobilized" was identified

Investment mobilized for Peace Parks Foundation was identified as grants from a private donor and philanthropic funds.

ANNEX B: ENDORSEMENTS

GEF Agency(ies) Certification

GEF Agency Type	Name	Date	Project Contact Person	Phone	Email

GEF Agency Coordinator	Renae Stenhouse	9/12/2025	Astrid Breuer	2026960623	astrid.breuer@wwfus.org
GEF Agency Coordinator	Renae Stenhouse	10/30/2025	Astrid Breuer	2026960623	astrid.breuer@wwfus.org

Record of Endorsement of GEF Operational Focal Point (s) on Behalf of the Government(s):

Name	Position	Ministry	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
Richard Mfumu Lungu	Acting Director - Environmental Management Department	Ministry of Green Economy and Environment	9/12/2025
Richard Mfumu Lungu	Acting Director - Environmental Management Department	Ministry of Green Economy and Environment	10/29/2025